

QCC744 and AR8032 Integration via EMAC Application Note

80-WL740-52 Rev. AB

Revision History

Revision	Date	Description
AA	July 2025	Initial release
AB	December 2025	Updated Slide 8 Block diagram

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Introduction

- This document covers the following topics:
 - how to integrate QCC744 with AR8032
 - how to verify QCC744 Ethernet Media Access Controller (EMAC) peripheral
- The `emac_basic` example verifies the basic packet Tx and Rx functionality of the EMAC by conducting a loopback test of ARP packets through the connected external Ethernet PHY chip.
- The `lwip_iperf` example uses `iperf` to measure Ethernet speed.



Section 1

Hardware connections

Pin mapping

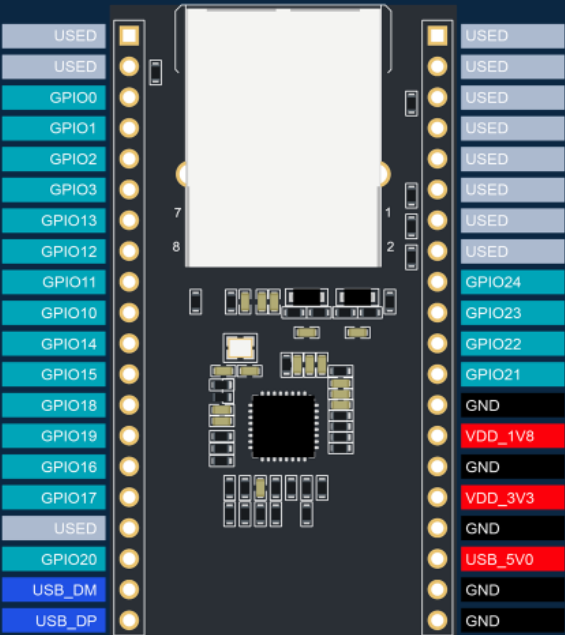
AR8032 pin number	AR8032 pin name	QCC744	RJ45-	Comments
1	VDD12_REG	-	-	-
2	VDD3	-	-	-
3	VDD25_REG	-	-	-
4	RX-	-	TD-	-
5	RX+	-	TD+	-
6	TX-	-	RD-	-
7	TX+	-	RD+	-
8	XO	-	-	NC
9	XI	GPIO25	-	Provision for either a 50 MHz crystal oscillator (OSC813500-SCO-B452) or a clock signal from the QCC744.
10	RSTn	GPIO24	-	-
11	MDIO	GPIO34	-	-
12	MDC	GPIO33	-	-
13	RXD3	-	-	Provision for a 22 Ω series resistor and a 10 k Ω pull-up to VDD25
14	RXD2	-	-	Provision for a 22 Ω series resistor and a 10 k Ω pull-down to GND
15	RXD1	GPIO29	-	Provision for a 22 Ω series resistor and a 10 k Ω pull-up to VDD25
16	RXD0	GPIO28	-	Provision for a 22 Ω series resistor and either a 10 k Ω pull-up to VDD25 or a 10 k Ω pull-down to ground
17	VDD25	-	-	Due to the use of a switching regulator, connect pin 3 and pin 17 using a ferrite bead (PZ1005E700-R80TF) and a 0.1 μ F capacitor.
18	RX_DV	GPIO32	-	Provision for a 22 Ω series resistor and a 10 k Ω pull-down to GND
19	RXC	-	-	Provision for a 10 k Ω pull-down to GND

Pin mapping (cont.)

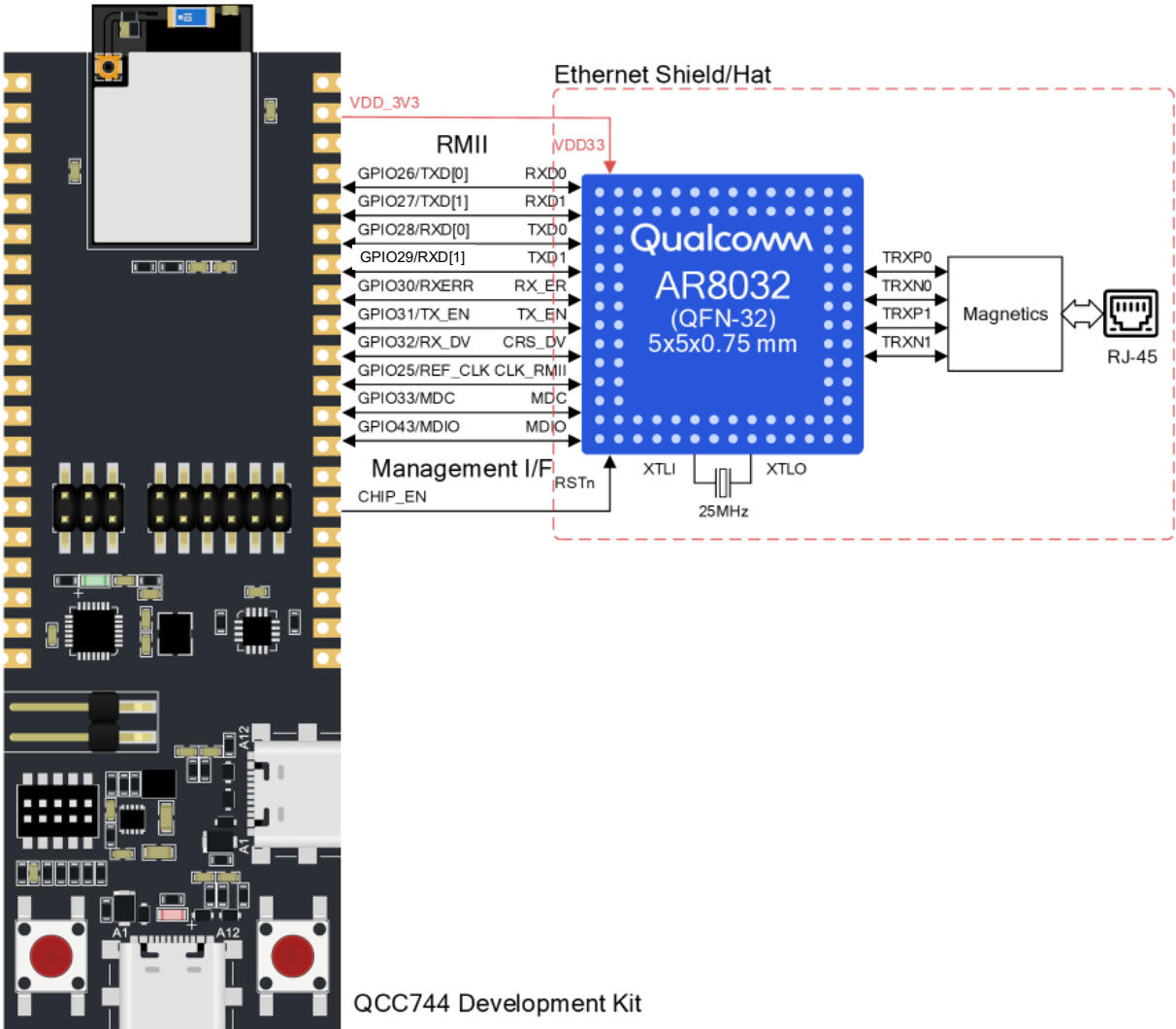
AR8032 pin number	AR8032 pin name	QCC744	RJ45	Comments
20	RXER	GPIO30	-	Provision for a 22 Ω series resistor
21	INTP	-	-	Provision for a 10 k Ω pull-up to VDD25
22	TXC	-	-	Provision for a 10 k Ω pull-up to VDD25
23	TXEN	GPIO31	-	-
24	TXD0	GPIO26	-	-
25	TXD1	GPIO27	-	-
26	TXD2	-	-	NC
27	TXD3	-	-	NC
28	COL	-	-	Provision for a 10 k Ω pull-up to VDD25
29	CRS	-	-	Provision for a 10 k Ω pull-down to GND
30	LED0	-	LEDY-	Provision for a 10 k Ω pull-up to VDD25
31	LED1	-	LEDY+	Provision for a 10 k Ω pull-up to VDD25
32	REXT	-	-	Provision for a 2.3 k Ω pull-down to GND
33	GPAD	-	-	Connect to GND

Block diagram

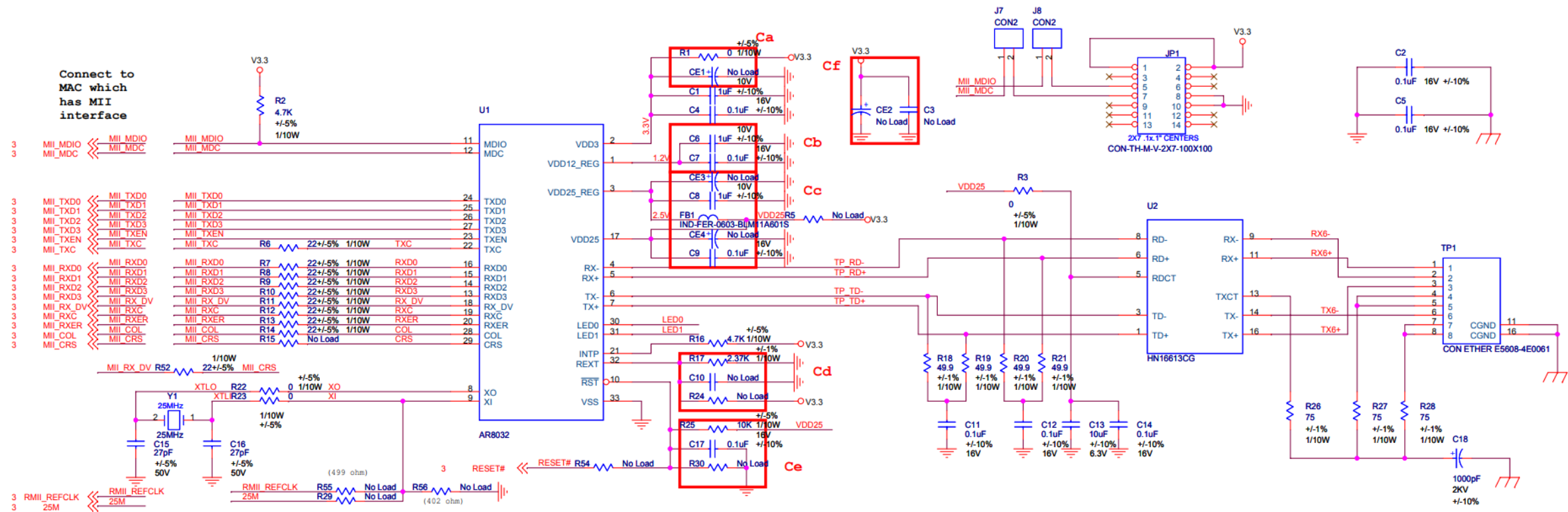
10/100M Ethernet Shield/Hat



53.34 x 28.6 mm

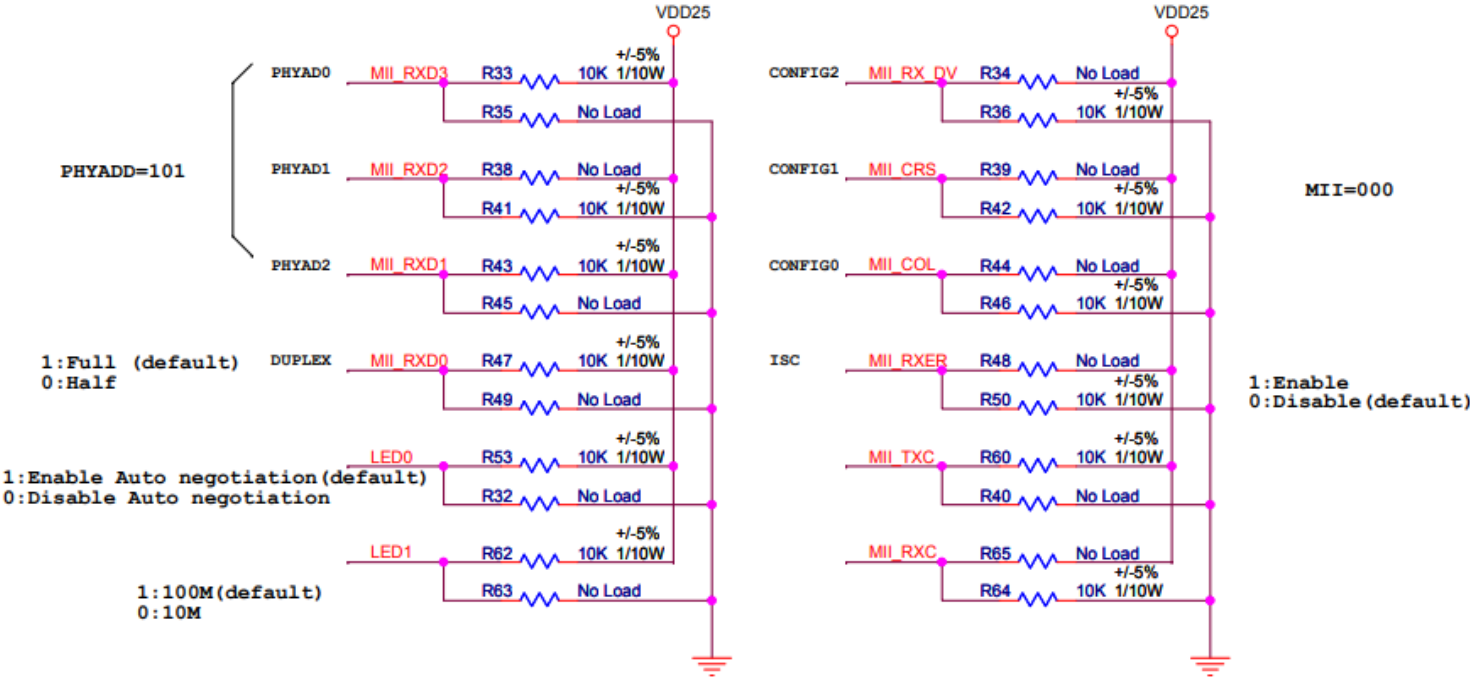


Schematic connections

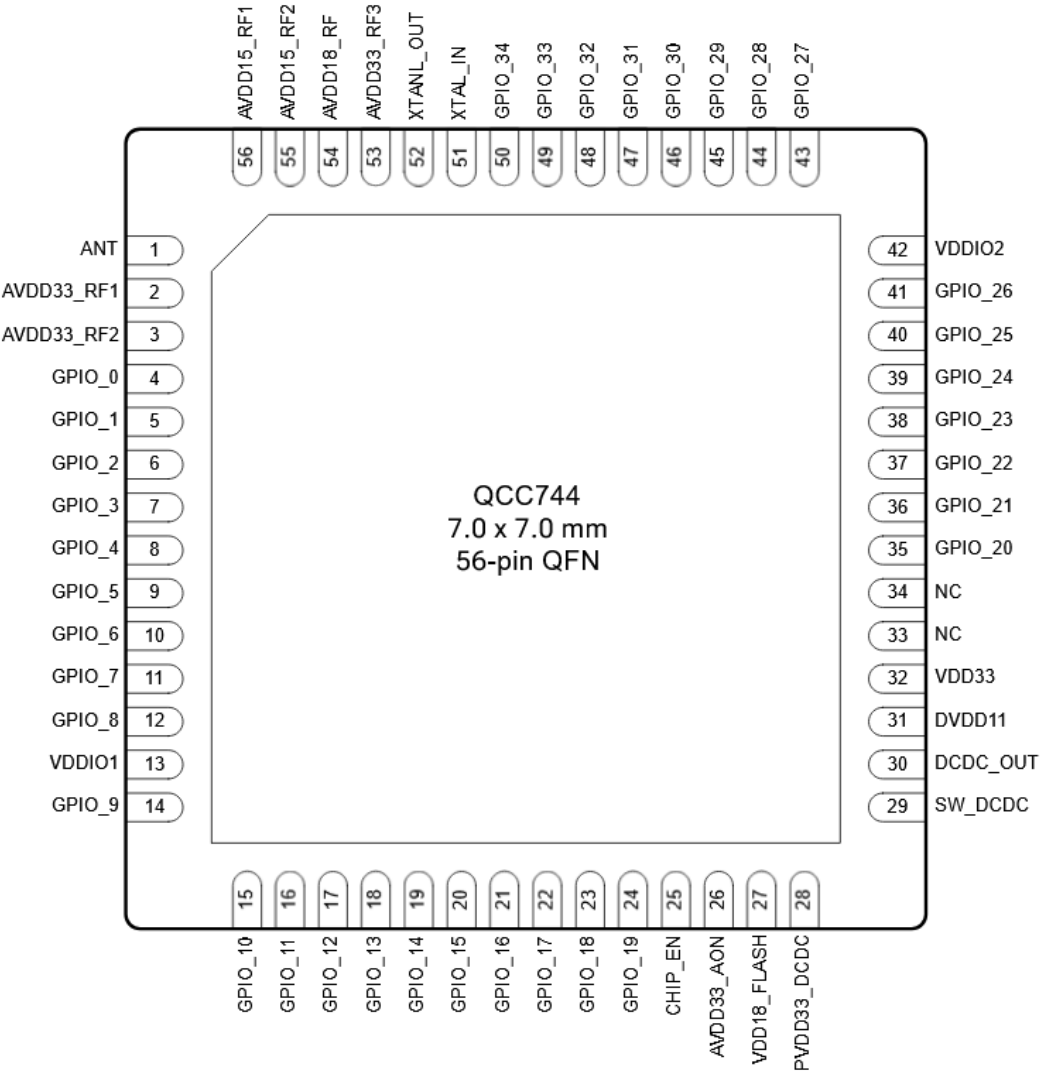


Power-on strapping

Power on strapping

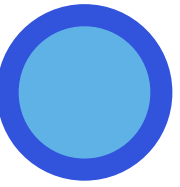


QCC744 pin assignments



QCC744 GPIO assignments

QCC744 GPIOs	Comments
GPIO0	Suggest to use a 100 kΩ pull-up resistor on the PCB
GPIO1	Suggest to use a 100 kΩ pull-up resistor on the PCB
GPIO2	Suggest to use a 100 kΩ pull-up resistor on the PCB
GPIO3	Suggest to use a 100 kΩ pull-up resistor on the PCB
GPIO4	Suggest to use a 10 kΩ pull-up resistor on the PCB
GPIO5	Suggest to use a 10 kΩ pull-up resistor on the PCB
GPIO6	Suggest to use a 10 kΩ pull-up resistor on the PCB
GPIO7	Suggest to use a 10 kΩ pull-up resistor on the PCB
GPIO8	Suggest to use a 10 kΩ pull-up resistor on the PCB
GPIO9	Suggest to use a 10 kΩ pull-up resistor on the PCB
GPIO10	Suggest to use a 100 kΩ pull-up resistor on the PCB
GPIO11	Suggest to use a 100 kΩ pull-up resistor on the PCB
GPIO12	Suggest to use a 100 kΩ pull-up resistor on the PCB
GPIO13	Suggest to use a 100 kΩ pull-up resistor on the PCB
GPIO14	Suggest to use a 100 kΩ pull-up resistor on the PCB
GPIO15	Suggest to use a 100 kΩ pull-up resistor on the PCB
GPIO16	Suggest to use a 100 kΩ pull-up resistor on the PCB
GPIO17	Floating
GPIO18	Suggest to use a 10 kΩ pull-up resistor on the PCB
GPIO19	Suggest to use a 10 kΩ pull-up resistor on the PCB
GPIO20	Suggest to use a 10 kΩ pull-up resistor on the PCB
GPIO21	Suggest to use a 10 kΩ pull-up resistor on the PCB
GPIO22	Suggest to use a 10 kΩ pull-up resistor on the PCB
GPIO23	Suggest to use a 10 kΩ pull-up resistor on the PCB



Section 2

emacs_basic

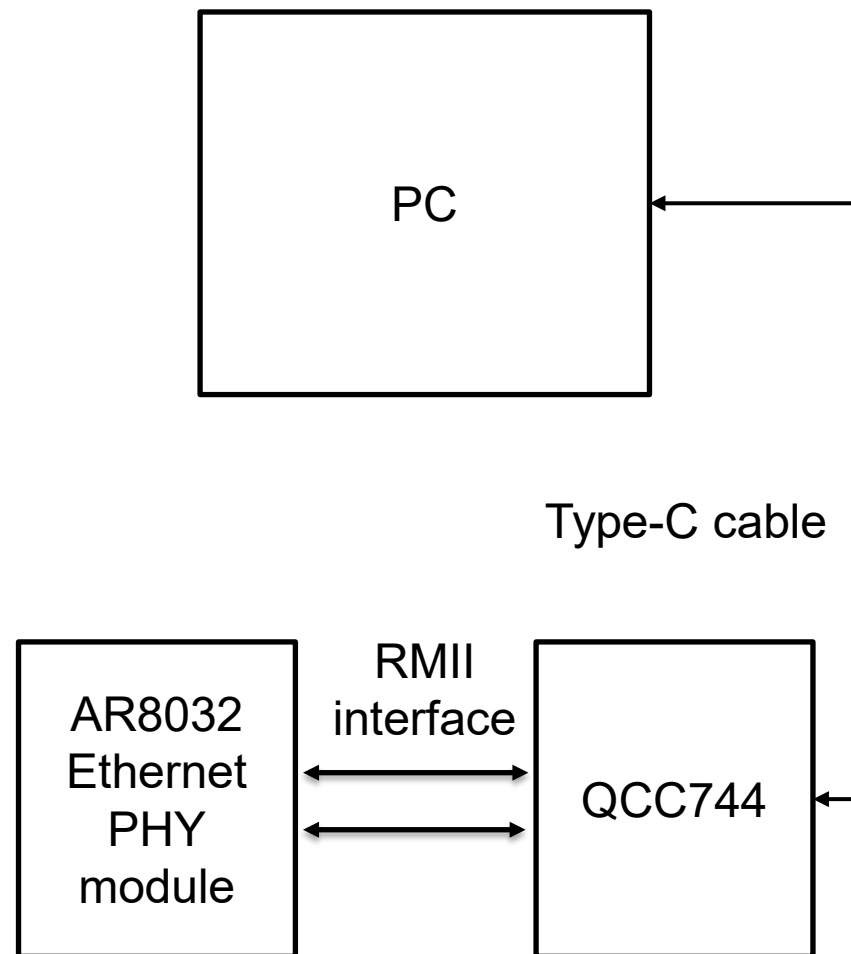
Test steps

This test validates the basic functionality of the EMAC on the QCC744 by performing a loopback test using ARP packets through the AR8032 Ethernet PHY.

Steps:

1. Flash the `emac_basic` build from the latest SDK onto the QCC744 board.
2. Connect the QCC744 to the AR8032 via the RMI interface.
3. Use a serial terminal (e.g., PuTTY) to monitor the output and verify packet transmission and reception.

Test setup



Test output

```
Build:12:49:19, Feb 21 2025
Version of used components:
  Version: component_version_lhal: version-unknown-panic
  Version: component_version_sdk_2.0.64
Current chip device version: 1
===== flash cfg =====
flash size 0x00800000
jedec id    0x1760C4
mid         0xC4
iomode      0x04
clk delay   0x01
clk invert  0x01
read reg cmd0 0x05
read reg cmd1 0x35
write reg cmd0 0x01
write reg cmd1 0x31
qe write len 0x01
cread support 0x01
cread code   0xA0
burst wrap cmd 0x77
=====
dynamic memory init success, ocram heap size = 430 Kbyte, psram heap size = 4096 Kbyte
sig1:ffffffff
sig2:0000f32f
cgen1:9fffffff
[I][MAIN] EMAC ARP Packet test!
[I][EPHY] eth phy scan success, phy_addr: 5, phy_id: 0x004DD023
[W][EPHY] drv_match failed, use General driver
[I][MAIN] eth_phy speed: 100M_FULL_DUPLEX
[I][MAIN] eth_phy loopback mode
[I][MAIN] eth_phy init done

[I][MAIN] TX: Speed: 74Mbps, valid_data_speed: 49Mbps
[I][MAIN]   success cnt:292434, error cnt:0, total size:12282228Byte
[I][MAIN]   push_cnt:292475, tx_db available:1
[I][MAIN] RX: Speed: 74Mbps, valid_data_speed: 74Mbps
[I][MAIN]   success cnt:292430, error cnt:0, total size:18715520Byte
[I][MAIN]   push_cnt:292430, rx_db available:1, busy cnt:0

[I][MAIN] TX: Speed: 74Mbps, valid_data_speed: 49Mbps
[I][MAIN]   success cnt:584750, error cnt:0, total size:24559500Byte
[I][MAIN]   push_cnt:584793, tx_db available:1
[I][MAIN] RX: Speed: 74Mbps, valid_data_speed: 74Mbps
[I][MAIN]   success cnt:584748, error cnt:0, total size:37423872Byte
[I][MAIN]   push_cnt:584748, rx_db available:1, busy cnt:0

[I][MAIN] TX: Speed: 74Mbps, valid_data_speed: 49Mbps
[I][MAIN]   success cnt:877070, error cnt:0, total size:36836940Byte
[I][MAIN]   push_cnt:877114, tx_db available:1
[I][MAIN] RX: Speed: 74Mbps, valid_data_speed: 74Mbps
[I][MAIN]   success cnt:877069, error cnt:0, total size:56132416Byte
[I][MAIN]   push_cnt:877069, rx_db available:1, busy cnt:0
```



Section 3

lwip_iperf

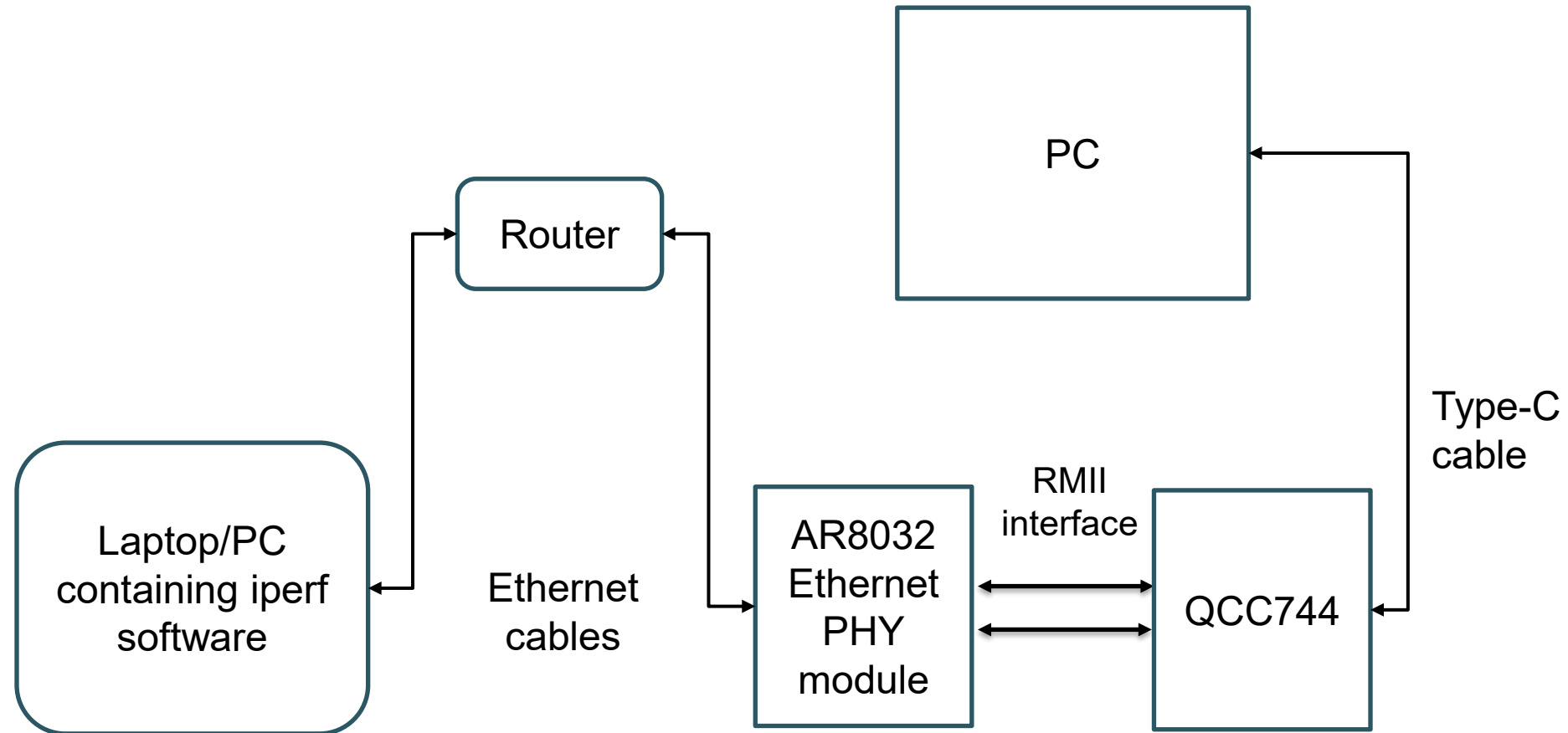
Test steps

This test measures Ethernet throughput using the iperf tool, providing insights into the performance of the QCC744's EMAC interface.

Steps:

1. Flash the lwip_iperf build from the latest SDK onto the QCC744 board.
2. Establish an Ethernet connection between the AR8032 module and a router.
3. Connect a PC or laptop running iperf to the same network.
4. Use the lwip_emac_info command to retrieve EMAC diagnostics.
5. Perform the following tests:
 - TCP Receive (Rx): Device as server, PC as client.
 - TCP Transmit (Tx): PC as server, device as client.
 - UDP Receive (Rx): Device as server, PC as client.
 - UDP Transmit (Tx): PC as server, device as client.

Test setup



Run iperf tests

- After the software is flashed and Ethernet connection is established between the Ethernet PHY module and the router, the system generates logs like the following:

```
=====
dynamic memory init success, ocram heap size = 343 Kbyte, psram heap size = 4096 Kbyte
sig1:ffffffff
sig2:0000f32f
cgen1:9fffffff
EMAC lwip iperf test case !
[I][MAIN] Create app_start task.
[I][MAIN] Start Scheduler.
[I][MAIN] app_start_task Run...
qcc74x />[I][MAIN] Shell Ready...
[I][MAIN] lwip statck init
[I][MAIN] netif config
[I][EPHY] eth phy scan success, phy_addr: 5, phy_id: 0x004DD023
[W][EPHY] drv_match falied, use General driver
[I][LWIP_EMAC] [OS] Starting emac rx task...
[I][MAIN] app_start_task Delete...
[I][MAIN] lwip_status_update_task Run...
[W][LWIP_EMAC] Lwip Eth Emac LinkUp !!!
[I][LWIP_EMAC] eth_phy speed: 100M_FULL_DUPLEX
[I][LWIP_EMAC] State: Looking for DHCP server ...
IP:192.168.0.102
MASK: 255.255.255.0
Gateway: 192.168.0.1
[I][LWIP_EMAC] IP address assigned by a DHCP server: 192.168.0.102
█
```

Use diagnostic commands

- Use the `lwip_emac_info` command to retrieve relevant information about the EMAC.

```
qcc74x />lwip_emac_info
[I][LWIP_EMAC] TX: success cnt:7, error cnt:0, total size:910Byte
[I][LWIP_EMAC]      push_cnt:7, tx_db available:64, tx_bd_ptr:7
[I][LWIP_EMAC] RX: success cnt:5, error cnt:0, total size:1380Byte
[I][LWIP_EMAC]      push_cnt:15, rx_db available:54, rx_bd_ptr:5, busy cnt:0
```

TCP Rx

Device as Server

```
qcc74x />iperf -s -i 1
[iperf] Socket created
-----
Server listening on TCP port 5001
-----
qcc74x />[iperf] accept: 192.168.0.103,37904

[ ID] Interval      Transfer    Bandwidth
[  0] 0.0- 1.0 sec  4.83 MByte 38.65 Mbits/sec
[  0] 1.0- 2.0 sec  4.80 MByte 38.44 Mbits/sec
[  0] 2.0- 3.0 sec  4.92 MByte 39.34 Mbits/sec
[  0] 3.0- 4.0 sec  4.79 MByte 38.33 Mbits/sec
[  0] 4.0- 5.0 sec  4.85 MByte 38.78 Mbits/sec
[  0] 5.0- 6.0 sec  4.97 MByte 39.77 Mbits/sec
[  0] 6.0- 7.0 sec  4.82 MByte 38.59 Mbits/sec
[  0] 7.0- 8.0 sec  4.90 MByte 39.21 Mbits/sec
[  0] 8.0- 9.0 sec  4.87 MByte 38.99 Mbits/sec
[  0] 9.0-10.0 sec  4.82 MByte 38.54 Mbits/sec
[  0] 0.0-10.0 sec 48.58 MByte 38.86 Mbits/sec
[iperf] TCP Socket server is closed.
iperf exit
```

PC as Client

```
~$ iperf -c 192.168.0.102 -t 1 -t 10
-----
Client connecting to 192.168.0.102, TCP port 5001
TCP window size: 85.0 KByte (default)
-----
[  3] local 192.168.0.103 port 37904 connected with 192.168.0.102 port 5001
[ ID] Interval      Transfer    Bandwidth
[  3] 0.0- 1.0 sec  4.75 MBytes 39.8 Mbits/sec
[  3] 1.0- 2.0 sec  4.62 MBytes 38.8 Mbits/sec
[  3] 2.0- 3.0 sec  4.62 MBytes 38.8 Mbits/sec
[  3] 3.0- 4.0 sec  4.62 MBytes 38.8 Mbits/sec
[  3] 4.0- 5.0 sec  4.50 MBytes 37.7 Mbits/sec
[  3] 5.0- 6.0 sec  4.88 MBytes 40.9 Mbits/sec
[  3] 6.0- 7.0 sec  4.50 MBytes 37.7 Mbits/sec
[  3] 7.0- 8.0 sec  4.75 MBytes 39.8 Mbits/sec
[  3] 8.0- 9.0 sec  4.62 MBytes 38.8 Mbits/sec
[  3] 9.0-10.0 sec  4.50 MBytes 37.7 Mbits/sec
[  3] 0.0-10.0 sec 46.4 MBytes 38.9 Mbits/sec
```

TCP Tx

PC as Server

```
3] 0.0-10.0 sec 53.6 MBytes 44.9 Mb/s
[4] local 192.168.0.103 port 5001 connected with 192.168.0.102 port 49153
-----
Server listening on TCP port 5001
TCP window size: 128 KByte (default)
-----
[ 4] local 192.168.0.103 port 5001 connected with 192.168.0.102 port 49153
[ ID] Interval      Transfer    Bandwidth
[  4] 0.0- 1.0 sec   5.27 MBytes 44.2 Mb/s
[  4] 1.0- 2.0 sec   5.37 MBytes 45.1 Mb/s
[  4] 2.0- 3.0 sec   5.37 MBytes 45.1 Mb/s
[  4] 3.0- 4.0 sec   5.37 MBytes 45.0 Mb/s
[  4] 4.0- 5.0 sec   5.42 MBytes 45.4 Mb/s
[  4] 5.0- 6.0 sec   5.28 MBytes 44.3 Mb/s
[  4] 6.0- 7.0 sec   5.39 MBytes 45.2 Mb/s
[  4] 7.0- 8.0 sec   5.38 MBytes 45.2 Mb/s
[  4] 8.0- 9.0 sec   5.34 MBytes 44.8 Mb/s
[  4] 9.0-10.0 sec   5.36 MBytes 44.9 Mb/s
[  4] 0.0-10.0 sec  53.6 MBytes 44.9 Mb/s
```

Device as Client

```
qcc74x />iperf -c 192.168.0.103 -i 1 -t 10
-----
Client connecting to 192.168.0.103, TCP port 5001
-----
qcc74x />[iperf] Successfully connected
[ ID] Interval      Transfer    Bandwidth
[  0] 0.0- 1.0 sec   5.52 MByte 44.17 Mb/s
[  0] 1.0- 2.0 sec   5.63 MByte 45.06 Mb/s
[  0] 2.0- 3.0 sec   5.64 MByte 45.15 Mb/s
[  0] 3.0- 4.0 sec   5.63 MByte 45.06 Mb/s
[  0] 4.0- 5.0 sec   5.69 MByte 45.51 Mb/s
[  0] 5.0- 6.0 sec   5.54 MByte 44.34 Mb/s
[  0] 6.0- 7.0 sec   5.66 MByte 45.29 Mb/s
[  0] 7.0- 8.0 sec   5.66 MByte 45.25 Mb/s
[  0] 8.0- 9.0 sec   5.61 MByte 44.89 Mb/s
[  0] 9.0-10.0 sec   5.62 MByte 44.99 Mb/s
[  0] 0.0-10.0 sec  56.21 MByte 44.97 Mb/s
[iperf] TCP Socket client is closed.
iperf exit
```

UDP Rx

- In UDP Rx test, server and client data rates don't match because UDP is a protocol without ACK. The client tries its best to send data and doesn't care whether the peer has enough buffer to receive. This is typically observed when the client is a PC with high-speed network interface (for example 1000M Ethernet) while the QCC74X embeds a 100M PHY only. In this case, you can change -b 300M to -b 100M to lower the client throughput.

Device as Server

```
qcc74x />iperf -s -u -i 1
[iperf] Socket created
[iperf] Socket bound, port 35091
-----
Server listening on UDP port 5001
-----
qcc74x />[ ID] Interval      Transfer    Bandwidth
[ 0] 0.0- 1.0 sec  3.26 MByte 26.11 Mbits/sec
[ 0] 1.0- 2.0 sec  3.24 MByte 25.94 Mbits/sec
[ 0] 2.0- 3.0 sec  3.38 MByte 27.00 Mbits/sec
[ 0] 3.0- 4.0 sec  3.36 MByte 26.91 Mbits/sec
[ 0] 4.0- 5.0 sec  3.38 MByte 27.05 Mbits/sec
[ 0] 5.0- 6.0 sec  3.45 MByte 27.64 Mbits/sec
[ 0] 6.0- 7.0 sec  3.31 MByte 26.50 Mbits/sec
[ 0] 7.0- 8.0 sec  3.45 MByte 27.61 Mbits/sec
[ 0] 8.0- 9.0 sec  3.62 MByte 28.94 Mbits/sec
[ 0] 9.0-10.0 sec  3.33 MByte 26.64 Mbits/sec
[ 0] 0.0-10.0 sec 33.79 MByte 27.03 Mbits/sec
[iperf] Udp socket server is closed.
iperf exit
```

PC as Client

```
[ 3] WARNING: did not receive ack of last datagram after 3 tries.
$ iperf -u -c 192.168.0.102 -i 1 -t 10 -b 300M
-----
Client connecting to 192.168.0.102, UDP port 5001
Sending 1470 byte datagrams
UDP buffer size: 208 KByte (default)
-----
[ 3] local 192.168.0.103 port 33605 connected with 192.168.0.102 port 5001
[ ID] Interval      Transfer    Bandwidth
[ 3] 0.0- 1.0 sec  11.5 MBytes 96.4 Mbits/sec
[ 3] 1.0- 2.0 sec  11.3 MBytes 95.1 Mbits/sec
[ 3] 2.0- 3.0 sec  11.4 MBytes 95.2 Mbits/sec
[ 3] 3.0- 4.0 sec  11.4 MBytes 95.5 Mbits/sec
[ 3] 4.0- 5.0 sec  11.4 MBytes 95.5 Mbits/sec
[ 3] 5.0- 6.0 sec  11.4 MBytes 95.2 Mbits/sec
[ 3] 6.0- 7.0 sec  11.4 MBytes 95.4 Mbits/sec
[ 3] 7.0- 8.0 sec  11.4 MBytes 95.5 Mbits/sec
[ 3] 8.0- 9.0 sec  11.3 MBytes 94.9 Mbits/sec
[ 3] 9.0-10.0 sec  11.4 MBytes 95.3 Mbits/sec
[ 3] 0.0-10.0 sec 114 MBytes 95.4 Mbits/sec
[ 3] Sent 81133 datagrams
read failed: Connection refused
[ 3] WARNING: did not receive ack of last datagram after 3 tries.
```

UDP Tx

PC as Server

```
~$ iperf -s -u -i 1
-----
Server listening on UDP port 5001
Receiving 1470 byte datagrams
UDP buffer size: 208 KByte (default)
-----
[ 3] local 192.168.0.103 port 5001 connected with 192.168.0.102 port 49153
[ ID] Interval      Transfer    Bandwidth   Jitter    Lost/Total Datagrams
[ 3] 0.0- 1.0 sec  11.3 MBytes 94.8 Mbits/sec 0.121 ms   0/ 8060 (0%)
[ 3] 1.0- 2.0 sec  11.4 MBytes 95.6 Mbits/sec 0.120 ms   0/ 8129 (0%)
[ 3] 2.0- 3.0 sec  11.4 MBytes 95.6 Mbits/sec 0.121 ms   0/ 8128 (0%)
[ 3] 3.0- 4.0 sec  11.4 MBytes 95.6 Mbits/sec 0.120 ms   0/ 8128 (0%)
[ 3] 4.0- 5.0 sec  11.4 MBytes 95.6 Mbits/sec 0.119 ms   0/ 8130 (0%)
[ 3] 5.0- 6.0 sec  11.3 MBytes 94.7 Mbits/sec 0.119 ms   0/ 8052 (0%)
[ 3] 6.0- 7.0 sec  11.4 MBytes 95.7 Mbits/sec 0.121 ms   0/ 8137 (0%)
[ 3] 7.0- 8.0 sec  11.4 MBytes 95.7 Mbits/sec 0.121 ms   0/ 8137 (0%)
[ 3] 8.0- 9.0 sec  11.4 MBytes 95.7 Mbits/sec 0.123 ms   0/ 8139 (0%)
[ 3] 9.0-10.0 sec  11.4 MBytes 95.7 Mbits/sec 0.121 ms   0/ 8138 (0%)
```

Device as Client

```
gcc74x />iperf -u -c 192.168.0.103 -i 1 -t 10 -b 300M
[iperf] Socket created, sending to 1728096448:5001
[ ID] Interval      Transfer    Bandwidth
-----
Client connecting to 192.168.0.103, UDP port 5001
Sending 0 byte datagrams
-----
gcc74x />[ 0] 0.0- 1.0 sec  11.95 MByte 95.57 Mbits/sec
[ 0] 1.0- 2.0 sec  11.95 MByte 95.56 Mbits/sec
[ 0] 2.0- 3.0 sec  11.95 MByte 95.59 Mbits/sec
[ 0] 3.0- 4.0 sec  11.95 MByte 95.59 Mbits/sec
[ 0] 4.0- 5.0 sec  11.95 MByte 95.59 Mbits/sec
[ 0] 5.0- 6.0 sec  11.95 MByte 95.60 Mbits/sec
[ 0] 6.0- 7.0 sec  11.95 MByte 95.59 Mbits/sec
[ 0] 7.0- 8.0 sec  11.95 MByte 95.59 Mbits/sec
[ 0] 8.0- 9.0 sec  11.95 MByte 95.59 Mbits/sec
[ 0] 9.0-10.0 sec  11.95 MByte 95.59 Mbits/sec
[ 0] 0.0-10.0 sec  119.48 MByte 95.58 Mbits/sec
[iperf] UDP Socket client is closed
iperf exit
```

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